



Bayview Beach Flood Mitigation

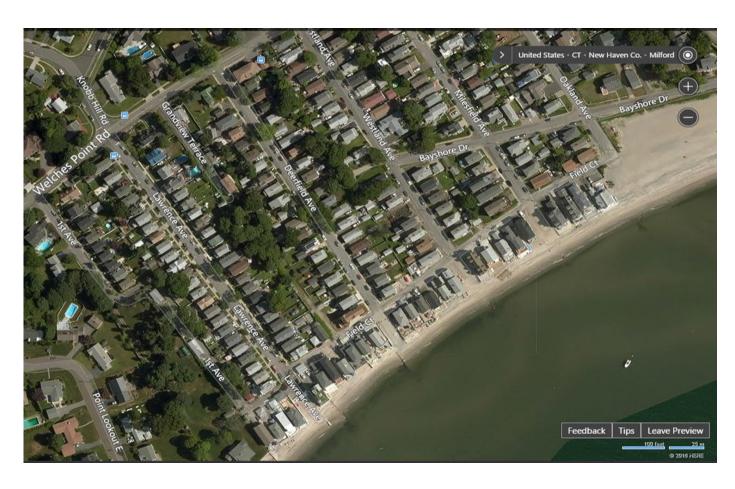
Presented by

Lindsay Silcox, EIT



Outline

- Overview
- Existing Conditions
- Design
- Construction
- Results



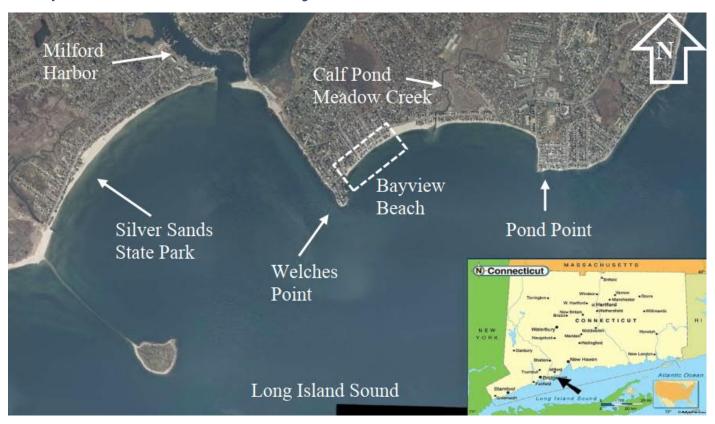


Overview

Overview - Issues

- Frequency of dune overtopping is increasing
- Frequency sand washed into Field Court and into catch basins is increasing
- Dune is unprotected and erodes easily

- Shoaling clogs discharge pipes with sand
- Deteriorating pipes and tide gates aggravate street flooding
- Low-lying streets and storm pipe systems mean flood waters can't drain easily



Overview – Key Goals

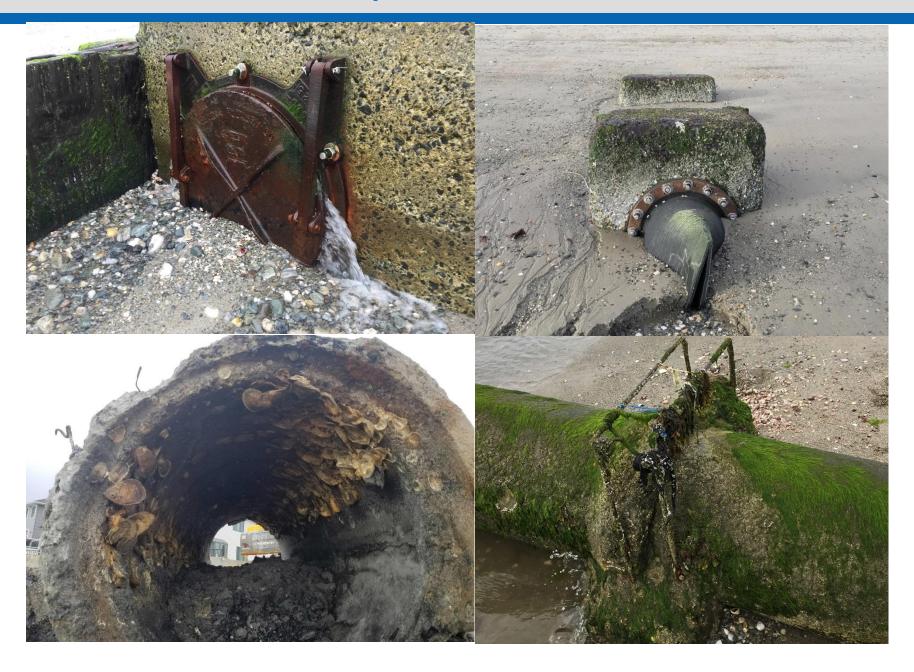
- Replace 1986 storm water drainage pipes and tide gates. Increase storage.
- Minimize tidal flooding from catch basins.
- Elevate road portions.
- Design ability to pump flood waters.
- Improve dune resiliency.





Existing Conditions

Deteriorated and Inadequate Infrastructure



Daily Tidal Flooding – Resident Headache





Extreme Weather Events – Lasting Impacts









How much increased storage? - SWMM Flood Modeling performed



Projected sea level rise for Bayview Beach over a 50-year time horizon

5-Year

Storm

0/6

0/0

0.8 / 62

0.2 / 20

0.5 / 40

0.1 / 8

1.2 / **

1.6 / **

0.4 / 166

1.1 / **

10-Year

Storm

0.1 / 6

0/0

0.9 / 80

0.3 / 22

0.5 / 50

0.1 / 8

1.2 / **

1.6 / **

0.5 / 212

1.1 / **

25-Year

Storm

0.1 / 8

0/0

1.1 / 106

0.3 / 30

0.6 / 66

0.1 / 12

1.2 / **

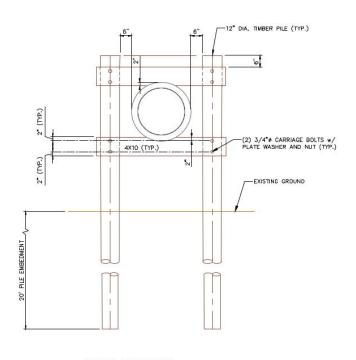
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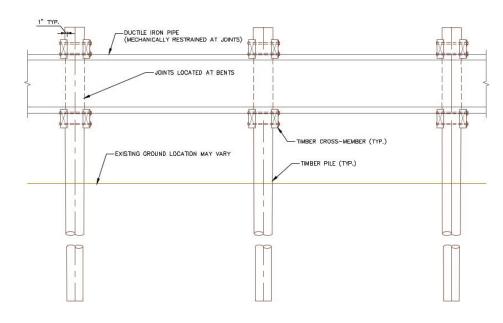
0.5 / 266

1.1 / **

Sea Level Rise Rate	Sea Level Increase (ft)
Low	0.42
Intermediate	0.82
High	2.13

- Army Corps of Engineer Timber Pipe Support Structure Design
 - **Greenheart Timber**
 - TR-Flex Ductile Iron Pipe





TYPICAL UNIT SECTION

PARTIAL ELEVATION

OUTFALL NOTES:

1. TIMBER SHALL BE GREDNHEART WOOD OR BETTER.

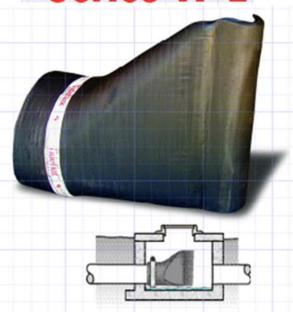
2. ALL HARDWARE SHALL BE HOT-DIPPED CALVANIZED OR STAINLESS STEEL.

3. ELEVATION OF PIPE SUPPORT STRUCTURE VARIES WITH PIPE INVERT ELEVATION. SEE PLAN FOR DETAILS.

Advanced Technology Check Valves

CheckMate® Installation Procedure NEVER... Install the valve at an angle NEVER... Exceed Design Back Pressure NEVER... Use Sharp Tools on Rubber NEVER... Install the Valve Backwards Cuff Body Wire Reinforcement Clamp Saddle Extraction Hole **Extraction Hole** FLOW Bill (Sealing Area) Cuff -*Clamps are installed in the upstream or downstream cuff, depending upon the application. The illustration above is shown clamped upstream.

Series TF-1



- ► Ideal for manhole installations
- Minimal bottom clearance required
- Lightweight, all-elastomer design
- ► Seals around small solids
- Available in slip-on or flanged design

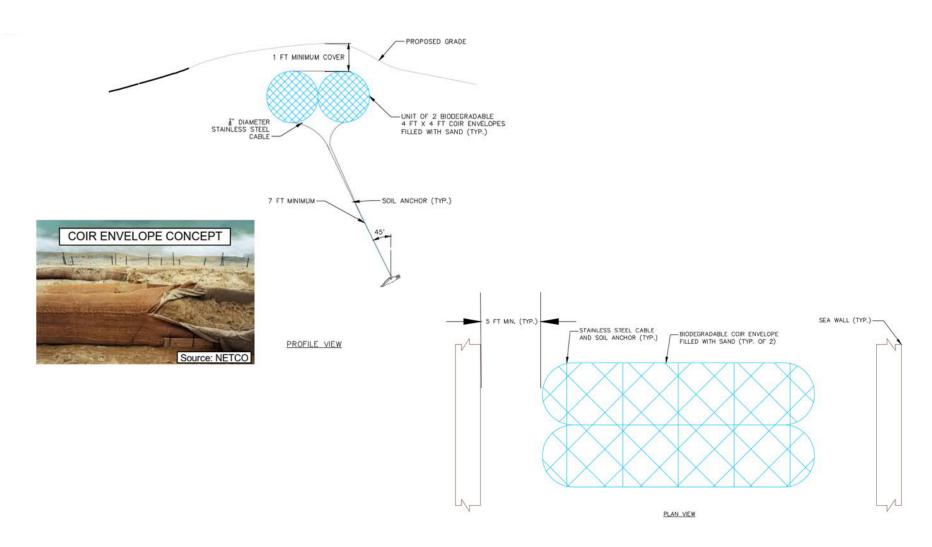
Materials of Construction Neoprene, Hypalon", Buna-N, EPDM, Vitor

Mounting Bands 304 or 316 Stainless steel. The TF-1 is designed for installation in existing structures such as interceptors, manholes and vaults where the invert of the pipe is close to the floor. The flat-bottom and offset-bill design of the TF-1 allows it to be installed without any modifications to the structure.

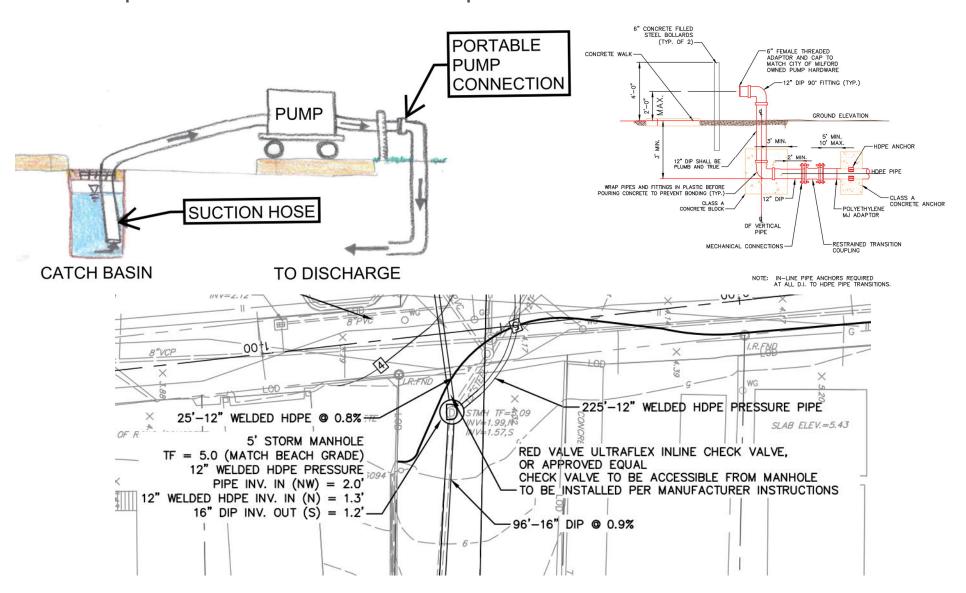
The TF-1 offers low cracking pressure to reduce the potential for standing water and verylow headloss which is not affected by rust, conssion or lack of lubrication.

The TF-1 is ideal for sewer systems because it will seal around small debris. The TF-1 design is available with a slip-on or flanged pipe connection. Tideflex TF-1 valves are constructed with a curved bill as standard.

• Dune Resiliency - Coir Envelope



Pump Station Alternative - Portable Pump Connection





Pile Driving





• Timber Pipe Support System Construction and Pipe Installation







Check Valve Installation



Welded HDPE

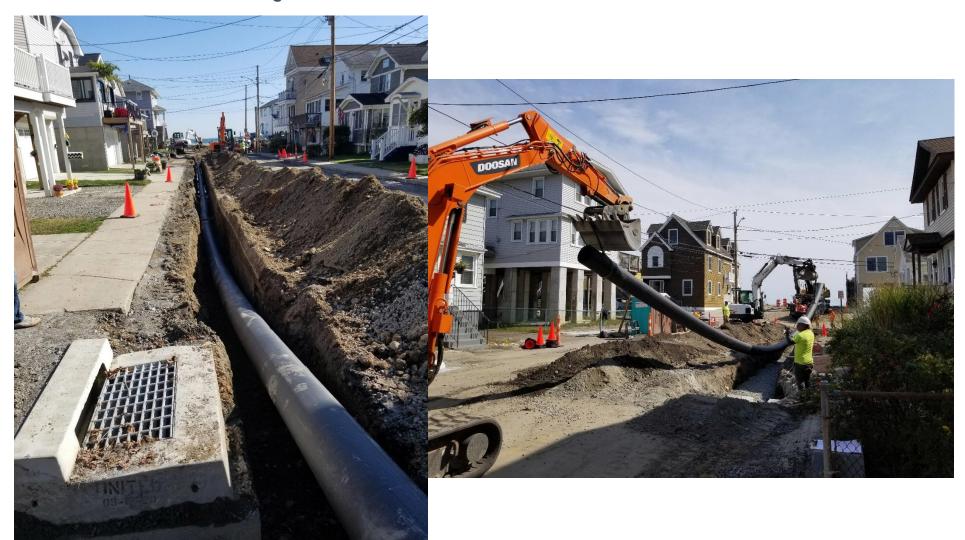








Increased Street Storage and Welded HDPE Installation



Portable Pump Connection Changes



Connection

"DRY HYDRANT"

*All Fittings / Can

Coir Envelope



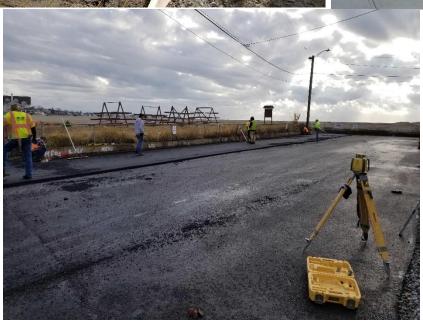


Sidewalks, Reclaim, Milling, Paving













Results

Results













Questions?

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